NITRO-PHOS BARRICADE[®] PREEMERGENCE HERBICIDE

FOR SELECTIVE PREEMERGENCE CONTROL OF GRASS & BROADLEAF WEEDS IN LAWNS AND ORNAMENTAL TURF (excluding golf course putting greens), LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS, ESTABLISHED, PERENNIALS & WILD-FLOWER PLANTINGS. STOPS MANY WEED GRASSES BEFORE THEY GROW. PREVENTS CRABGRASS, ANNUAL BLUEGRASS, FOXTAIL, & MORE.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

EPA Reg. No. 32802-67-54343

EPA Est. No. 59144-GA-1 (A), 32802-MO-1 (B), 37351-CO-1 (C), 8378-IN-1 (D), 9404-FL-1 (E)

First letter of bag code shows establishment where manufactured.

BARRICADE® is a registered trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc.

Sold By: NITRO-PHOS

PO Box 1356, HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1356

Read the entire "Directions for Use" and "Warranty Statements" before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once to the seller.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with product may cause allergic

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

First Ald

- * Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-
 - Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye.

 * Call a poison control center of doctor for treatment advice.

- If on skin

 * Take off contaminated clothing,
 or clothing

 * Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

 * Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- * Call a poison control center or physician immediately for wallowed treatment advice.
 - * Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

 * Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or physician.

 - Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- * Move person to fresh air.
 - * If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible * Call a polson control center or doctor for further treatment

Hotline number

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Telecommunications Network at 1-800-858-7378.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS 00-00-07

Soluble Potash (K₂O) 7.00%

Derived From: Muriate of Potash

Chlorine (CI), not more than 6.00%

SAP100206262 FGP45853

F315

Net Weight 50 lbs (22.68 kg)

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at http://www.wa.gov/agr/

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds. This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in established lawns and ornamental turi (excluding golf course puttling greens), landscape ornamentals and established perennials and wildflower plantings. It controls susceptible weeds by Inhibiting weed seed germination and root development. When used according to directions, it will control: barnyardgrass; bluegrass, annual (Poa annua); carpetweed; chickweed, common; chickweed, mouseear (from seed); crabgrass (large, smooth); crowfootgrass; cupgrass, woolly; foxtalls, annual; goosegrass'; henbit; itchgrass; johnsongrass (from seed); lunglerice; knotweed, kochia; lambsquarter, common; lovegrass; panlcum (Texas, fall, browntop); plyweed; purstane, common; pusley, Florida; rescuegrass'; shepherd's purse'; signalgrass, broadleaf; speedwell, Persian; sprangletop; spurge, prostrate; witchgrass; woodsorrel, yellow (from seed).

- In many areas where not prohibited by fertilizer restrictions ** a single application of 2.5 to 6 pounds / 1000 square feet will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained with an initial application of 2.5 to 3.9 pounds / 1000 square feet, to areas not prohibited by fertilizer use restrictions, followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed the maximum annual rate (see Minimum and Maximum Application Rate table).

 For this weed, apply in late summer, fall or winter prior to germination.
- **Consult your State Cooperative Extension service for current Information on annual application limitations for lawn fertilizers in your region.

WHEN TO APPLY TO ESTABLISHED TURE. This product must be applied prior to germination of weed seed, as it will not control established weeds.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS: Apply this product uniformly, using a suitable spreader that has been properly calibrated. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 Inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days after application.

within 14 days after application.

<u>USE PRECAUTIONS</u>: The following precautions apply to the use of this product in fur grasses and lawns. Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses. Do not apply to overseeded furf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil (not thatch plus soil). Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year. Application to furf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury. Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices (such as core aeration) may result in reduced weed control. Do not apply to putting greens,

Spreader setting to	apply at the list	ed rate (lb	s per 1000 :	sq ft)		
	Cone setting	1.9 lbs	2.5 lbs	3.16 lbs	4 lbs	6 lbs
Accu-Pro 2000	6	K 1/2	L 1/2	L 1/2	N 1/2	0 1/2
SR2000	6	K 1/2	L 1/2	L 1/2	O 1/2	P
Lesco 021820	0.25 Closed	C 1/2	D 1/2	D 1/2	F 1/2	G 1/2
Spyker 76-22		4.1	4.3	4.3	4.7	4.9
PSB Bigfoot	A,5	j	J 1/2	J 1/2	l. 1/2	M
Lely HŘ	II-B	4.75	5.25	5,25	6.5	7
Vicon 203		13	15	15	19	21

Minimum and Maximum / Turf Species	Application Rates (by Minimum Rate	Turf Grass Species)¹ Maximum Annual Rate
Bahiagrass ^{2,} Centipedegrass ² Bermudagrass ³ , Zoysiagrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turf-type)	4 pounds per 1000 sq. ft	6 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. per year
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	2 pounds per 1000 sq. ft.	4pounds per 1000 sq. ft. per year
Creeping Red Fescue	1.5 pounds per 1000 sq. ft.	2.9 pounds per 1000 sq. ft. per year
Creeping Bentgrass	1,5 pounds per 1000 sq. ft.	2.5 pounds per 1000 sq. ft, per year

These are the maximum rates per calendar year.

In Florida: Do not exceed 2 applications per year to Bahiagrass and Centipedegrass in the north. Do not exceed 3 applications per year to Centipedegrass in the central and south regions. Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for current information on annual application limitations for lawn fertilizers in your region. May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 2 lbs / 1000 square feet. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stoton rooting may be temporarily relarded. Suppression only of toxtail, goosegrass and rescuegrass due to reduced rates used in sprigging situations.

Use Rate	Months Before Overseeding			
lbs / 1000 sq ft	North	Transition	South	
1.9 bs	4	4	4	
2.5 lbs	5	4	4	
2.9 lbs	6	5	5	
3.16 lbs		6	6	
4 lbs		7	7	
4.5 lbs			9	
5.14 lbs			10	
5.94 lbs			12	

Abies spp Acer paint A. platand Actinidia d Agapanth Arctothec Aucuba ja Berberis (g B. juliana B. mentor B. thunbe Buxus mid Callistema Calluna v Carpobrol Cassia an

Ceanothu
Chamaec
Cleyera ja
Citrus spr
Cornus lit
C stolonii
Cortaderia
Cotoneas
C buxifoli
C, dammi
C, microp
Cretaegui
Cupressu
Delasperr
Dodonea

Elaeagnu Luonymu E. japonic E. kiautsc

and intervals in table for best overseeding results.

ANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including established perennals and wildflower steering results.

ANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including established perennals and wildflower in fertilizers in your region, dargass at rates not to exceed 2 lbs / indagrass states not to exceed 2 lbs / indagrass states not or rooting may be possegrass and rescuegrass due to exceed the maximum annual application for longer control periods. Sequential exceed the maximum annual application rate of 5.94 lbs / 1000 square feet in fall and/or applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not newly transplanted and established or ammentals a broadcast, over the top or newly transplanted and established or ammentals a broadcast, over the top or avoid any inhibition of the tissue union. This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ormamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. Best weed control is obtained when applied to soil free of clocks, weeds, and debris such as leaves. Prior to application, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence.

TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES: This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species. When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

OTICE: This product of	contains chemicals known to the	State of California to caus	e cancer
CIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMO
bies spp	Fir species** (Balsam, etc.)	Hedera helix	English I
cer paimatum	Japanese Maple	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	Chinese
platanoides	Norway Maple	liex cornuta	Chinese
. platanoides ctinidia chinensis	Kiwi*	l. crenata	Japanes
gapanthus africanus	Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)	I. opaca	America
rclostaphylos densiflora	Vine Hill Manzanita	ris spp.	iris spec
rctotheca calendula	Cape Weed	Jasminium nudiflorum	Iris spec Winter J
ucuba japonica	Japanese Aucuba	Juniperus chinensis	Chinese
erberis gladwynensis	Barberry	J. conferta	Shore Ju
, julianae	Wintergreen Barberry	J. horizontalls	Creeping Walnut*
, mentorensis	Mentor Barberry	Juglans sp.	Walnut*
, thunbergii	Japanese Barberry	Justicia brandegeana	Shrimp F
uxus microphylla	Japanese Boxwood	Lagerstromia Indica	Crepe M
allistemon viminalis	Weeping Boltlebrush	Ligustrum amurense	Amur Pri
alluna vulgaris	Scotch Heather	L. Japonicum	Japanes
arpobrotus edulis	Hottentol Fig (Ice Plant)	L. lucidum	Glossy F
assia artemisoides	Feathery Cassia	Lirtope muscari	Blg Blue
eanothus rigidus	Wild Lilac	Lonicera japonica	Japanes
hamaecyparis plsifera		L. tataricá	Talarian
leyera Japonica	Cleyera	Maleophora luteola	Ice Plant
itrus spp.	Citrus species*	Malus sp.	Crebapp
ornus florida	Flowering Dogwood	Nandina domestica	Heavenh
, stolonifera	American Dogwood	Olea europaea	Olive*
ortaderia selloana	Pampas Grass	Ophiopogon japonicus	Mondo (
otoneaster apiculatus	Cranberry Cotoneaster	Osteospermum fruticosum	Trailing A
. buxifolius	Cotoneaster	Oxydendrum arboreum	Sourwoo
, dammeri	Bearberry Cotoneaster	Persea americana	Avocado
. microphyllus	Rockspray Coloneaster	Photinia fraseri	Frasier's
relaegus spp.	Hawthorne	Picea spp.	Spruce s
upressus sempervirens		Pieris japonica	Lily-of-th
elasperma alba	White Trailing Ice Plant	Pinus brutia	Calabria
elphinium spp.	Larkspur, Blue Elf	P. canariensis	Canary I Aleppo F
odonea viscosa	Hop Bush	P. halepensis	Aleppó f
laeagnus pungens	Silverberry	P. nigra	Austrian
uonymus fortunei	Wintercreeper	P. radlata	Montere
lananica	Evergreen Euonymus	P. thunbergiana	Japanes
, japonica , kiautschovica	Spreading Euonymus	P. strobus	Eastern
alsia Japonica	Japanese Aralia	P. sylvestris	Scotch F
orsythia intermedia	Border Forsythia	Pistachio sp.	Pistachio
, viridissima	Greenstem Forsythia	Pittosporum rhombifolium	Queensi
iardenia jasminoides	Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine	•	
-arania jaominolaoo	Caracina, Capt Coolinio		

ite of California to caus	e cancer and birth defects or	
IENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	SCIENT
dera helix	English Ivy	P. tobira
iscus rosa-sinensis	Chinese Hibiscus	Podocar
cornuta	Chinese Holly	Prunus li
renata	Japanese Holly	Prunus s
paca	American Holly	
spp.	iris speçies**	Pyracant
minium nudiflorum	Winter Jasmine	P. fortune
iperus chinensis	Chinese Juniper	P. koldzu
onferla	Shore Juniper	Pyrus sp
iorizontalis	Creeping Juniper	Quercus
lans sp.	Walnut*	Raphiole
ticia brandegeana	Shrimp Plant	Rhodode
erstromia Indica	Crepe Myrtle	(including
ustrum amurense	Amur Privet	
aponicum	Japanese Privet	Rosa bai
ucidum	Glossy Privet (Waxleaf)	Rosmarii
ope muscari	Big Blue Lily, Silver Mound	Santolina
nicera japonica	Japanese Honeysuckle	Sedum a
atarica	Talarian Honeysuckie	Syzyglun
leophora luteola	Ice Plant	Táxús cu
lus sp.	Crabapple*	T. media
ndina domestica	Heavenly Bamboo	Thuja oc
a europaea	Olive*	Trachelo
hiopogon japonicus	Mondo Grass	Tsuga ca
leospermum fruticosum		Vibumun
ydendrum arboreum	Sourwood	V. odoral
sea americana	Avocado*	V. plicatu
otinia fraseri	Frasier's Photinia (Redtlp)	V. rigidur
ea spp.	Spruce species**	V. tinus
ris japonica	Lily-of-the-Valley Bush	V. trilobiu
us brutia	Calabrian Pine	V. wright
canariensis	Canary Island Pine	Vinca ma
nalepensis	Aleppo Pine	Vinca mi
nigra	Austrian Pine	Vitis so.
adlata	Monterey Pine	Welgela
hunbergiana	Japanese Black Pine	Yucca al
strobus	Eastern White Pine	Y, filame
sylvestris	Scotch Pine	*Do not t
lachio sp.	Pistachio*	"Not for
osporum rhombifolium	Queensland Pittosporum	

γſ	other reproductive harm	•
	SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME
	P. tobira	Japanese Pittosporum
	Podocarpus macrophyllus	s Japanese Yew
	Prunus laurocerasus	English Laurel
	Prunus sp.	Almond, Apricot, Nectarine Peach, Plum and Prune*
	Pyracantha coccinea	Firethorn (Scarlet)
	P. fortuneana	Firethorn
	P. koldzumii	Firethorn
	Pyrus sp.	Bradford Pear sp.
	Quercus spp.	Oak species
	Raphiolopsis indica	Indian Hawthorne
	Rhododendron	'Coral Bells'
	(including Azalea)	'Formosa,' 'Hino-crimson,'
	Rosa banksiae	'PJM', 'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose
	Rosmarinus officinalis	Rosemary
	Santolina virens	Santolina
	Sedum album	Stonecrop
	Syzyglum paniculatum	Japanese Brushcherry
	Taxus cuspidala	Japanese Yew
	T. media	Yew
	Thuja occidentalis	American Arborvitae
	Trachelospermum asiatus	m Star Jasmine
	Tsuga canadensis	Canada Hemlock Japanese Viburnum
	Viburnum japonicum V. odoratissimum	Sweet Viburnum
	V. plicatum	Japanese Snowball
	V. rigidum	Canary Island Viburnum
	V. tinus	Laurustinus
	V, trilobium	Cranberry Bush
	V. wrlghtil	Leatherleaf Viburnum
	Vinca major	Greater Perlwinkle, Vinca
	Vinca minor	Common Periwinkle, Vinca
	Vitis sp. Welgela florida	Grape* Old Fashioned Weigela
	Yucca aloifolia	Spanish Bayonet, Yucca
	Y, filamentosa	Adam's Needle, Yucca
	*Do not use on food prod	lucing trees, vines or plants.
	"*Not for use on containe	r grown plants.

APPLICATION LIMITS: Certain states have limits on fertilizer application rates and timing. Consult your local State Cooperative Extension Service for current information on application limits for turt/lawn fertilizers in your area. RATES OF APPLICATION: This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate listed:

the maximum yearly rate listed:

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied. Use the higher rates listed for longer periods of weed control.

WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION: This product will inhibit germination of turf seed if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in table for best overseeding research.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in a cool, dry locked storage area out of reach of children and domestic animals. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Nonrefillable container: Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. If not available then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Warranty: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result due to such factors as weather conditions, presence or absence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc. the manufacturer, or the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the products sold to you are furnished "as is" by Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc. The manufacturer and the seller are subject only to the manufacturer are avariants, if any, which appear on the label of the product sold of you. Except as warranted by this table Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc. the manufacturer, or the seller makes no warranties, guarantees, or representations of any kind to the buyer of the user, either express or implied, or by usage of trade, statutory or otherwise, with regard to the product sold or use of the product, including, but not limited to, merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or use, or eligibility of the product for any particular trade usage. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer's or user's exclusive remedy, and Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc the manufacturer's or the seller's total liability shall be limited to damages not exceeding the cost of the product. No agent or employee of Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc, or the seller is authorized to amend the terms of this warranty disclaimer or the product's total or incommendation different from or inconsistent with applicable law, Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc, or the seller is authorized to amend the terms of this warranty disclaimer or the product's use of the product.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, Howard Johnson's Enterprises, inc, the manufacturer, or the seller is all not be label for consequential, special, or indirect damages.