GROUP 29 HERBICIDE



Spect(i)cle®

Preemergence Herbicide for the Control of Grasses, Annual Sedges, and Broadleaf Weeds in Warm Season Turfgrass, Landscape Ornamentals, Conifers, Hardscapes, and Natural Areas.

DO NOT USE FOR THE MANUFACTURING OF FERTILIZER

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

INDAZIFLAM0.0224% OTHER INGREDIENTS:... ...99.9776%

100.000% TOTAL:

Contains 0.0112 lbs of INDAZIFLAM in a 50 lb bag EPA Reg. No. 432-1523

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

See Panel for First Aid Instructions and for Complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-334-7577 For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-800-331-2867

	FIRST AID
If swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes:	 Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on skin or clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)
Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks.
Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS:
When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations
Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing and PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash body thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, and plants. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean watermark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment rinsate or washwater. This product may enter water through runoff. Follow directions for use to avoid runoff. A level well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for getting into water from rainfall-runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

Surface Water Advisory: This pesticide may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application.

Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

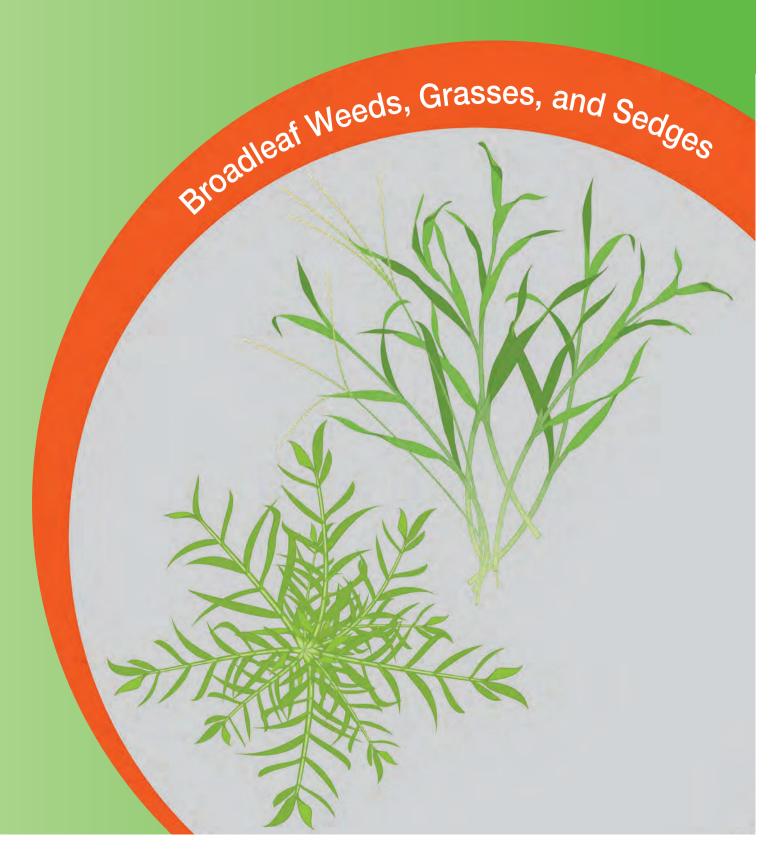
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertain ing to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

Net Contents 50 Pounds SKU #84056146 84104817C 180325AV2







NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS
The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Always wear protective clothing and use appropriate equipment during application and handling. Avoid contact with granules. Avoid breathing dust.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Specticle® G is a selective, preemergence alkylazine herbicide. Specticle G provides extended residual control of many annual grasses including crabgrass, goosegrass, and annual bluegrass, as well as annual sedges, and many broadleaf weeds. Use sites include turf; landscape ornamentals including residential, commercial, municipal, roadside, and natural areas; non-bearing fruit and nut trees in residential plantings; and hardscapes.

aleas, non-ovaring from and not uses in residential plantings; and hardscapes.

Use Specticle G on established warm season turf in areas including golf courses (roughs and fairways), sod farms, sports fields, residential and commercial lawns, parks, and cemeteries.

Specticle G controls weeds by reducing the emergence of seedlings through inhibition of cellulose biosynthesis (CB Inhibitor). Necrosis or yellowing may be observed if the herbicide is applied to herbaceous tissue such as leaves and green stems or at bud break of sensitive plants. Specticle G does not control plants emerging from tubers, rhizomes, bulbs, corms, and rootstocks

Specticle G needs to be activated by rainfall or irrigation prior to weed germination for most effective preemergence control.

Specticle G is a highly active herbicide that provides effective weed control when applied to the soil around many labeled ornamentals. Specticle G may also be used over-the-top of labeled ornamentals with adequate precautions. Specticle G may damage sensitive plants, if granules are allowed to remain in contact with foliage. Carefully apply Specticle G in strict accordance to the label.

SPECTICLE G Conversion Table		
Rate in lbs/Acre	Rate in lbs/1000 sq ft	
100	2.3	
125	2.9	
133	3.1	
150	3.4	
200	4.6	
400	9.2	

PRODUCT USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not exceed 200 lbs of Specticle G per acre (4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft) in a single application Do not exceed 400 lbs of Specticle G per acre (4.0 lbs/1000 sq ft) in a single applications.

 Do not exceed 400 lbs of Specticle G per acre (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft) for all applications
- within a 12-month period.
- Do not contaminate water intended for irrigation and domestic use.
- Specticle G is not for sale, distribution, or use in Nassau county, or Suffolk county, in New York State.
- For ground application only.

DEACTIVATING SPECTICLE G

Activated charcoal has been shown to deactivate Specticle G if applied within several days of an application. Follow directions for the amount of charcoal to apply on the label of the activated charcoal

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Apply Specticle G with clean, properly calibrated drop, rotary, hand shaker or other spreader equipment according to the manufacturer's directions. Check periodically to be certain that the equipment is working properly prior to each use. Uniform application is essential for satisfactory weed control. Uniform application using properly calibrated equipment is essential for satisfactory weed control. Avoid skips for the best weed control and avoid overlapping application patterns to avoid plant injury. For over-the-top applications, remove granules from leaf surfaces with a blower or irrigation.

SOIL MOISTURE, IRRIGATION, AND RAINFALL AFTER APPLICATION
To activate Specticle G, irrigate lightly after application to move the herbicide into the soil.
Rainfall within several days after application will negate the need to irrigate. Avoid application to saturated soil. Postpone application if rainfall that may cause visible run-off is anticipated.

EQUIPMENT CLEANUP PROCEDURE

Equipment used to apply Specticle G must be cleaned prior to use on other sensitive turf and ornamentals, or injury may result. Before and after using Specticle G clean all equipment on an approved rinse pad. Wear proper PPE while cleaning equipment.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Indaziflam, the active ingredient in Specticle G, is a Group 29 herbicide (Cellulose Biosynthesis Inhibitor) based on the mechanism-of-action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. No known resistance to Specticle G exists, however, continual use of any herbicide with the same mechanism-of-action may lead to selection of resistant weed populations and reduction in efficacy. To manage the development and spread of resistant weed populations, rotate herbicides with different mechanisms of action. Use in conjunction with sound cultural practices which minimize weed pressure and maximize weed control. Specticle G has been shown to help manage weeds that have developed resistance to other herbicides including: glycines (glyphosate), triazines, ALS-inhibitors, and dinitroanaline (DNA) herbicides. The decision to use any particular herbicide should be based on an IPM program and all cultural practices and other pesticides in use. Contact a Bayer representative for the latest information on resistance management guidelines for this product.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE OF SPECTICLE G ON TURF USE RESTRICTIONS FOR SPECTICLE G ON TURF

- Do not apply Specticle G to newly seeded turf.
 Do not apply to golf course greens, tees, or collars.
 Do not apply to slopes immediately above golf course greens.
 Do not apply to weakened turf that requires significant fill-in or recovery.

USE OF SPECTICLE G IN COARSE AND SANDY SOILS

Soil conditions can affect the tolerance of turf to Specticle G. Coarse or sandy soils may allow for downward movement of Specticle G into the root zone and cause significant root damage and phytotoxicity. Coarse soils, for example, may include significant quantities of sand, gravel, decomposed granite, and ground cinders. Prior to application of Specticle G in these soils, confirm soil texture with a soil test. Turf grown in soil exceeding 80% sand or 20% gravel may be at risk. Low rate split applications of Specticle G may reduce the risk on these soils. Refer to use rates for the Split Application Programs section of this label. use rates for the Split Application Programs section of this label.

If Specticle G is to be applied in these soils, evaluate turf tolerance in treated soils prior to a large scale application.

USE OF SPECTICLE G ON WEAKENED OR STRESSED TURF
Specticle G controls weeds by inhibiting root development. Newly developing roots of desirable turf may be affected. Turf under stresses such as winterkill, spring dead spot, transitioning ryegrass, Bermudagrass spring root decline, soil compaction, foliar and root diseases, nematodes, salt accumulation, shade, excessive foot or equipment traffic, newly verticut turf, and drought should be carefully evaluated before treatment. Application of Specticle G to turf in these situations may delay turf recovery.

Application of Specticle G to stressed turf may produce symptoms of injury including yellowing, purple discoloration, thinning, and necrosis. If injury occurs, promote recovery through ontimizing fertility and other cultural practices.

TURF TOLERANCE

Turf tolerance to Specticle G is acceptable on all labelled turf types and cultivars. Due to the Turf tolerance to Specticle G is acceptable on all labelled turf types and cultivars. Due to the large number of types and cultivars, it is impossible to test every one for tolerance to Specticle G. Neither the Manufacturer nor the Seller has determined whether or not Specticle G can be used safely on turf types and cultivars not specified on this label.

Before using on turf cultivars that are not listed on this label, the applicator must confirm tolerance by testing labelled rates on a small area prior to widespread use.

Tolerant Turfgrasses

Bermudagrass* (Cynodon dactylon) (and hybrids)-Baby, Celebration, Common, Floratex, Tifsport, Tifton 10, Tifway 419, Princess, Vamont, Riviera, Yukon

Zoysiagrass (Zoysia spp.)-Cavalier, Crowne, DeAnza, El Toro, Empire, Jamar, Meyer, Palisades, Zenith, Zeon

Centipedegrass* (Eremochloa ophiuroides)- Common, Tifblair

St. Augustinegrass* (Stenotaphrum secundatum)-Captiva, Floratam, Floratine, Palmetto, Raleigh

- Raleigh
- Buffalograss (Buchloe dactyloides) Bahiagrass (Paspalum notatum)

optimizing fertility and other cultural practices.

- Seashore paspalum (Paspalum vaginatum)
 Application of Specticle G may temporarily inhibit the rooting of turfgrass stolons.
 Common or off-type Bermudagrass may show increased sensitivity to Specticle G compared to hybrids.

Specticle G may cause unacceptable injury to some turfgrasses. **Do not use** on the following turfgrasses or mixtures containing any of these grasses, unless thinning or removal is desired. For use on grasses in natural areas, see Natural Areas section on this label. Kikuyugrass (Pennisetum clandestinum) Perennial ryegrass (Lolium perenne)

- Creeping bentgrass (Agrostis palustris) Colonial bentgrass (Agrostis capillaris) Annual bluegrass (Poa annua) Roughstalk bluegrass (Poa trivialis)

- Fine fescue (Festuca rubra)
 Turf type tall fescue (Festuca arundinaceae)
- Annual ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum) Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis) Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon) Common variety "Ormond
- Maximum Single Application Rates for SPECTICLE G on Warm Season Grasses ODEOTIOL E O D. I

Turi Type	(lbs/acre)	(lbs/1000 sq feet)
Bermudagrass	200	4.6
Zoysiagrass	200	4.6
Buffalograss	200	4.6
Bahiagrass	200	4.6
St. Augustinegrass	125	2.9
Centipedegrass	125	2.9
Seashore Paspalum	125	2.9

Specticle G applied uphill to sensitive grasses (such as overseeded ryegrass, roughstalk bluegrass (*Poa trivialis*), and bentgrass) can move and cause injury and stand reduction to adjacent sensitive grasses. Allow turf to dry before allowing foot traffic or equipment through treated areas near sensitive grasses. For Lawn Care applications, Specticle G may be applied where labeled warm season grasses are adjacent to sensitive grasses such as tall fescue,

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF SPECTICLE G NEAR SENSITIVE GRASSES

Kentucky bluegrass, and perennial ryegrass. The applicator, however, must take care not to apply Specticle G directly to sensitive grasses.

If Specticle G makes contact with sensitive grasses, refer to the "DEACTIVATING Specticle G" section of this label.

USE RATES, TIMINGS, AND MAXIMUM SEASONAL RATE FOR SPECTICLE G ON TURF Apply Specticle G in a single or split application program. The maximum single application is 200

lbs per acre (4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft). The total amount of Specticle G applied in a 12-month period must not exceed 400 lbs per acre (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft). SINGLE APPLICATION PROGRAM

Broadleaf weeds

Target Weed	SPECTICLE G Rate Range (lbs/acre)	SPECTICLE G Rate Range (lbs/1000 sq ft)
Crabgrass		
Goosegrass		
Annual Bluegrass	125 - 200	2.9 - 4.6

Annual sedge and kyllinga SPLIT APPLICATION PROGRAMS Split applications of Specticle G can be made in a use season to extend the length of control of

specific weeds, to control weeds germinating over an extended period, or to control other weeds emerging during the same or overlapping period. Use Rates for Two Split Applications of Specticle G

Rate Range for SPECTICLE G

Rate Range for SPECTICLE G

Target Weed	(initial application)		(follow-up application within 45-90 days)	
	In lbs/acre	In lbs/1000 sq ft	In lbs/acre	In lbs/1000 sq ft
Crabgrass				
Goosegrass				
Annual Bluegrass	125 - 200	2.9 - 4.6	125-200	2.9-4.6
Broadleaf weeds				
Annual sedge and kyllinga				
Use Rates for Three Split Applications of Specticle G				

Target Weed	Rate Ra for SPECT (initial app	TIČLE G	Rate Range for SPECTICLE G (follow-up application within 30-45 days)	Rate Range for SPECTICLE G (follow-up application within 30-45 days)
Crabgrass Goosegrass	In Ibs/acre	125	125	125
Annual Bluegrass	In lbs/ 1000 sq ft	2.9	2.9	2.9

CRABGRASS AND GOOSEGRASS CONTROL

Specticle G provides preemergence control of crabgrass and goosegrass emerging from seed. Specticle G does not control established crabgrass, perennial (continual growth) goosegrass or plants emerging from existing crowns. If goosegrass or crabgrass is evident at time of application, use a labeled post emergent herbicide for control of existing plants.

ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL

Make preemergence applications of Specticle G between August and November depending on the annual bluegrass germination in each geographical area. The optimum timing is dependent

on peak annual bluegrass germination and local conditions in a particular year.

BROADI FAF WEED CONTROL Specticle G provides preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds. Control is affected by the

size of the seed, and the depth of the seed within the soil profile. Large seeded broadleaf weeds or weeds germinating deeper in the soil profile may not be effectively controlled by Specticle G.

ANNUAL SEDGES AND ANNUAL KYLLINGA CONTROL

	perennial sedges and kyllinga, or sedges emerging from rple nutsedge.
Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by	Specticle G ¹
Broadleaf Weeds	
American black nightshade	Solanum americanum

Erechtites hieracifolia

American Burnweed Beggarticks

Bittercress

Black medic²

Buckweat, Wild

Chamberbitter

Clover, White

Curly dock

Dodder

Eclipta

Dogfennel

Corn speedwell

California burclover

Canada thistle. Common

Chickweed, Common

Chickweed, Mouse-ear

Cupid's shaving brush

Dandelion. Cat's ear

Dandelion, Common

Evening primrose, Common

Evening primrose, Cutleaf

False chamomile2

Filaree, Redstem

Florida pusley

Garden spurge

Hairy fleabane

Hairy nightshade

Groundsel, Common

Galinsoga

Cudweed, Linear-leaf/Purple

Bidens alba Cardamine spp.

Circium arvense

Stellaria media

Cuscuta spp.

Eclipta alba

Medicago lupulina

Polygonum convolvulus Medicago polymorpha

Phyllanthus urinaria Cerastium vulgatum

Trifolium repens Veronica arvensis Gnaphalium purpureum Emilia fosbergii Rumex crispus

Hypochoeris radicata Taraxacum officinale

Eupatorium capillifolium Oenothera biennis Oenothera laciniata

Matricaria maritima Erodium cicutarium Richardia scabra Galinsoga parviflora

Chamaesyce hirta Senecio vulgaris Erigeron bonariensis

Solanum sarrachoides Lamium amplexicaule Convza canadensis

Kochia scoparia Chenopodium album

Henhit Marestail Kochia

Lambsquarters, Common Lawn burweed Soliva sessilis Little mallow Malva parviflora Sisymbrium irio

London rocket2 Longstalked phyllanthus Mulberry weed

Phyllanthus tenellus Fatoua villosa

Mustard, Black2 Brassica nigra

Mustard, Wild	Sinapis arvensis	
Parthenium	Parthenium hysterophorus	
Pigweed, Prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides	
Pigweed, Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	
Pink purslane	Claytonia sibirica	
Plantain, Buckhorn	Plantago lanceolata	
Plantain, Paleseed	Plantago virginica	
Poinsettia, Wild	Euphorbia heterophylla	
Prostrate knotweed	Polygonum aviculare	
Prostrate spurge	Euphorbia maculata	
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	
Ragweed, Common ²	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	
Spurge, Spotted	Euphorbia maculata	
Tassel flower	Emilia sonchifolia	
Redmaids	Calandrinia caulescens	
Sesbania, Hemp ²	Sesbania exaltata	
Shepherd's-purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	
Sida, Prickly/Teaweed ²	Sida spinosa	
Southern brassbuttons ²	Cotula australis	
Sowthistle, Annual	Sonchus oleraceus	
Stinkwort	Dittrichia graveolens	
Sunflower, Common ²	Helianthus annuus	
Swinecress	Coronopus didymus	
Tropic ageratum	Ageratum conyzoides	
Velvetleaf ²	Abutilon theophrasti	
Vetch, Purple ²	Vicia benghalensis	
Wild carrot ²	Daucus carota	
Willowherb	Epilobium brachycarpum	
Woodsorrel, Yellow ²	Oxalis stricta	
GRASSES, MONOCOTS, AND SEDGES		
Annual bluegrass	Poa annua	
Annual kylinga³	Cyperus sesquiflorus	
Barnyardgrass,Common	Echinochloa crus-galli	
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	
Crabgrass, Blanket	Digitaria serotina	
Crabgrass, Henry	Digitaria ciliaris	
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Foxtail brome	Bromus rubens	
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi	
Foxtail, Green	Setaria viridis	
Foxtail, Yellow	Pennisetum glaucum	
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	
Guineagrass	Panicum maximum	
Kyllinga, Fraqrant/Annual ³	Kyllinga odorata	
Little barley	Hordeum pusillum	
Mouse barley	Hordeum murinum	
Red brome	Bromus rubens	
Rice flatsedge ³	Cyperus iria	
Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum	
Ryegrass, Perennial	Lolium perenne	
Sandbur	Cenchrus longispinus	
Sedge, Annual ³	Cyperus spp.	
Sedge, globe ³	Cyperus croceus	
Tufted lovegrass	Eragrostis pectinacea	

Digitaria sanguinalis

Digitaria ischaemum Murdannia nudiflora

Panicum dichotomiflorum

control can also be achieved with split applications of Specticle G. Do not exceed a total of 400 lbs of product per acre per year (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft/year) with split applications.

*Weeds suppressed by Specticle G

*Specticle G only controls sedges and kyllinga emerging from seed. It does not control perennial sedge emerging from nutlets or perennial forms of kyllinga.

Crabgrass, Large/Hairy Crabgrass, Smooth

Doveweed Fall panicum

SEEDING, OVERSEEDING, RE-SEEDING, SPRIGGING AND SODDING
SPRIGGING AND SODDING
Specticle G can inhibit root development, as well as the emergence of seed. Roots of newly emerged seedlings may be damaged. Establishment of sod may be affected if Specticle G is applied to turf that is not well established. Timing of seeding, re-seeding, overseeding, sprigging, and sodding turf relative to an application of Specticle G needs to be considered. Seeding, overseeding, re-seeding, sprigging, and sodding intervals are affected by the rate of Specticle G applied, rainfall, and soil texture in a given year. Applications made sooner than the suggested intervals may decrease the establishment of the new seedlings and reduce turf coverance. coverage.

PLANTING METHOD	MINIMUM Interval Before Application	MINIMUM Interval After Application	MINIMUM Interval After Application
		125 - 150 lbs/A	150 - 200 lbs/A
Seeding	12 months	10 months	12 months
Sprigging	12 months	10 months	12 months
Sodding	4 months	6 months	8 months
	ONS ON SOD FAI		habingross and forms

During new sod establishment, Specticle G may be applied when coverage from ribbons is 80%

or greater.

Do not apply Specticle G to centipedegrass, seashore paspalum, or St. Augustinegrass sod. Specticle G may be applied to sod up to 4 months prior to harvest.

ORNAMENTALS

Specticle G may be applied for preemergence weed control in landscape ornamentals. Apply Specticle G, prior to weed seed germination to dormant or actively growing ornamentals as listed in the table below. Apply Specticle G to established ornamentals. Application of Specticle G to budded grafts or graft unions may cause plant injury or plant

USE RESTRICTIONS FOR SPECTICLE G ON ORNAMENTALS

- Do not exceed the maximum single application rates specified for each ornamental use.
- Do not allow granules applied "over-the-top" to remain in contact with foliage. Specticle G may cause localized injury to foliage, especially young leaf tissue. For over-the-top applications, remove granules from leaf surfaces with a blower or irrigation.
- Do not use Specticle G on ornamentals where granules may become trapped in developing leaves or in meristematic areas (e.g. whorls of grasses and perennials such as hosta).
- Do not use Specticle G on or around annuals not listed as tolerant on this label. Do not use Specticle G in landscape beds within 12 months prior to seeding or 3
- months prior to planting.
- Do not use Specticle G around bearing fruit and nut trees. Specticle G may be used around non-bearing fruit and nut trees. Non-bearing trees are defined as trees that will not bear fruit until at least 1 year after treatment.
- Do not use Specticle G around non-bearing fruit trees unless they are at least 1 year
- Do not use Specticle G within the dripline of bearing fruit and nut trees.
- Do not incorporate Specticle G into the soil or potting mix.
- Do not cultivate or disturb the soil surface after application of Specticle G as this may reduce weed control.
- If transplanting mature plants listed as tolerant on this label into soil treated with Specticle G within the preceding 12 months, replace existing soil around roots to minimize effects on plant establishment.
- Do not use Specticle G on ornamentals being grown in a greenhouse.
- Do not use Specticle G on nursery seedbeds, rooted cuttings, or young plants in liners. Do not apply Specticle G to plants growing in containers less than 6 inches wide. Do not apply Specticle G to plants less than 5 inches in height.

- Do not apply Specticle G to drainage ditches.

 Do not apply Specticle G to oranamental bulbs after they have emerged.

USE OF SPECTICLE G ON ORNAMENTALS IN COARSE AND SANDY SOILS

Soil conditions can affect the tolerance of ornamentals to Specticle G. Excessively coarse or sandy soils may allow for downward movement of Specticle G into the root zone and cause significant root damage and phytotoxicity. Coarse soils may include significant quantities of sand, gravel, decomposed granite, and ground cinders. Prior to application of Specticle G on these soils, confirm soil texture with a soil test. Ornamentals grown in soil exceeding 90% sand or 20% gravel may be at risk. If Specticle G is to be applied in these soils, evaluate tolerance of a few plants of each ornamental in Specticle G treated soil for 1-2 months prior to a large scale application.

SYMPTOMS OF SPECTICLE G INJURY ON ORNAMENTALS

Specticle G may injure sensitive ornamentals by damaging roots or leaves. Plants damaged by root absorption will appear stunted, deformed, and may not recover. If granules of Specticle G are allowed to remain in contact with treated plants, leaf symptoms may appear as lesions, discoloration, or curling. Symptoms may appear within 2-4 weeks after application. Newly formed leaves may be undamaged. It is essential that the user assess the severity of any symptoms on cultivars not listed on this label, before proceeding with large-scale applications of Specticle G.

ANDSCAPE ORNAMENTAL USES

Specticle G may be used in residential, commercial, as well as federal, state, and local plantings of ornamentals for preemergence weed control. Apply Specticle G only to established (rooted) plants and not to newly rooted cuttings/or seedlings. To avoid root damage, apply Specticle G around transplants when the soil has firmly settled around the root area. Irrigation or rainfall will help to settle the soil and seal surface cracks. Make applications prior to mulching for best weed control. If Specticle G contacts foliage, brush or wash off to avoid damage. Care must be taken not to get granules on sensitive turf next to landscape beds to avoid possible turf injury. Herbaceous annuals and perennials are sensitive to Specticle G.

Use of Specticle G near Sensitive Grasses

CAUTION: Specticle G applied uphill to sensitive grasses can move, under certain circumstances, to sensitive grasses and cause injury and stand reduction.

Do not apply to landscape beds uphill from ryegrass or mixed lawns where ryegrass is desirable

AMOUNT TO USE: Apply Specticle G at 125 - 200 lbs of product per acre (2.9 - 4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft) around ornamentals.

A subsequent application of Specticle G can be made within 90 days after the initial application to extend weed control provided that the total Specticle G applied does not exceed 400 lbs per acre (9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft) in a 12 month period.

Application of Specticle G to heavily mulched landscape beds may result in reduced weed control. Specticle G may be applied to lightly mulched area after the mulch has settled.

ORNAMENTALS AND THEIR CULTIVARS TOLERANT TO SPECTICLE G

Tolerant ornamentals and their cultivars are listed in the following table. If a desired plant to be treated is not listed on this label, treat several plants at the maximum use rate and evaluate 1-2 months later for acceptable tolerance. The user assumes responsibility for application to plants not listed in this table. Do not treat annuals not listed on this label.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Abelia	Abelia grandiflora	Little Richard, Edward
	, and the second	Gaucher
Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis	Emerald, Green Giant, Green Flag, Nigra, Techny, Yellow Ribbon
Asparagus fern	Asparagus plumosus	
Aucuba, Japanese/Gold Dust Plant	Aucuba japonica	Variegata
Azalea	Rhododendron spp.	Delaware Valley White, Fashion, Florida Flame, Girard's Rose, Haps Pink, High Tide, Judge Solomon, Karen, Nova Zembla, Mother's Day, Pink Gumpo, Red Ruffle, VF 14, White Gumpo
Azalea, Cat Album	Rhododendron catawbiense	Chionoides
Azalea, Encore	Rhododendron spp.	Autumn Debutante
Azalea, Formosa	Rhododendron indicum	Satsuki
Azalea, Kurme	Rhododendron obtusum	Hino Crimson
Azalea, Macrantha	Rhododendron macrantha	
Barberry	Berberis thunbergii f. atropurpurea	Crimson Pygmy, Rosy Glow
Bayberry, Northern	Myrica (Morella) pennsylvanica	
Beautybush	Linnea (Kolwitzia) amabilis	
Big bluestem	Andropogon gerardii	
Black Hawthorn	Crataegus douglasii	
Blackberry, European	Rubus fructicosus	Legacy, Ouachita
Bleeding heart vine	Clerodendrum thomsoniae	Bleeding Heart
Bluebird	Caryopteris x clandonensis	Dark Knight
Bluestem, Big	Andropogon gerardii	
Bluestem, Little	Andropogon scoparius	
Bottlebrush, Crimson	Callestemon citrinus	
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spp.	Barbara Karst Double Red
Boxwood	Buxus microphylla	Baby Gem, Chicagoland Green, Dwarf, Green Beauty
Boxwood, Common/English	Buxus sempervirens	Green Gem, Green Mountain, Suffructicosa, Winter Gem
Butterfly bush	Buddleia	Nanho Blue
Buttonwood, Silver/Green	Conocarpus erectus	
Camellia, Japanese	Camellia japonica	Margaret Heathcliff Pink
Camellia, Little leaf	Camellia sasanqua	Cleopatra Pink, Shi Shi Gashira
Cedar, Atlantic white	Chamaecyparis thyoides	
Cedar, Japanese	Cryptomeria japonica	Black Dragon, Burkii, Globosa Nana, Yoshino
Chaste Tree	Vitex agnus-castus	Abbeville Blue
Cleyera, Japanese	Ternstroemia gymnanthera	Sotall
Clusia, Dwarf	Clusia guttifera	Nana
Cocoplum	Chrysobalanus icaco	
Coral bells (Heuchera)	Heuchera sanguinea	Ruby Bells, Silver Scrolls
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster	Coral Beauty
Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica	Burgundy Cotton, Pocomoke Pink, Sarah's Favorite, Siren Red
Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica x fauriei	Miami, Muskogee, Natchez, Tuscarora
Crown of thorns	Euphorbia milli	
Cryptomeria	Cryptomeria japonica	Black Dragon, Yoshino
Cypress, Bald	Taxodium distichum	Shawnee Brave
Cypress, False	Chamaecyparis spp.	Gold Mops, Gold Thread
Cypress, Japanese (Hinoki Cypress)	Chamaecyparis obtusa	Globose Nana

Cypress, Pond	Taxodium distichum var. imbricatum	
Cypress, Leyland	Cupressus x leylandii	
Cypress, Mediterranean	Cupressus sempervirens	Glauca
Daphne	Daphne caucasica	Summer Ice
Deutzia	Deutzia gracilis	Nikko
Euonymus, Spreading	Euonymus kiautschovicus	Manhattan
Euonymus, Variegated boxleaf (Japanese spindle)	Euonymus japonicus	Cholippo, Silver Queen, Variegaturm
False holly	Osmanthus heterophyllus	Goshiki
Feather reed grass	Calamagrostis x acutiflora	Overdam, Karl Foerster
Firebush, Dwarf	Hamelia patens	Compacta
Firethorn (Pyracantha)	Pvracantha coccinea	Red Cushion
Florida Leucothe (Pipestem)	Leucothoe populifolia	nou outmon
Forsythia (Golden bells)	Forsythia x intermedia	Lynwood Gold
Gardenia	Gardenia radicans	
Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	Frostproof , Mystery
Gaura	Gaura lindheimeri	Pink Fountain
Gold-dust plant	Aucuba japonica	Gold Dust
Hardy kiwi	Actinidia arguta	Anna
Hawaiian snowbush	Breynia disticha	
Hawthorn, Black	Crataegus douglasii	
Heather	Erica spp.	D 11 15 15 5
Hibiscus, Chinese	Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	President Red, San Diego Red
Hibiscus (Rose mallow)	Hibiscus moscheutos	Luna White
Hibiscus (Rose of sharon)	Hibiscus syriacus	Boule de Feu, Lohengrin,
morous (mose of situation)	Tholoud dyriddd	Pink Heart, Red
Holly	llex latifolia	Mary Nell
Holly, American	llex opaca	
Holly, Chinese	llex cornuta	Budfordii Nana, Carissa,
		Dwarf Burford, Needlepoint
Holly, Dragon lady	llex x aquipernyi	Dragon Lady
Holly, Dwarf yaupon	llex vomitoria	Schillings, Stoke's Dwarf
Holly, Inkberry/Gallberry	llex glabra	Compacta, Densa, Shamrock
Holly, Japanese	llex crenata	Compacta, Green Luster,
rionj, dapanodo	non oronau	Sky Pencil, Soft Touch
Holly, Meservae	llex meserveae	Blue Maid, Blue Princess
Honeylocust	Gleditsia triacanthos	Sunburst, Sunshine
Honeysuckle, European	Lonicera periclymenum	Harlequin
Honeysuckle, Japanese	Lonicera japonica	
Hosta (before emergence)	Host spp	Sum and Substance, Twilight
Iceplant	Delosperma congestum	White Nugget
Iceplant	Delosperma nubigenum	Basutoland
Iceplant, Hardy	Delosperma cooperi	Cooper's Hardy Iceplant,
		Purple Mountain
Inkberry	llex glabra	Densa
Indian hawthorn	Rhaphiolepis indica	Dwarf Pink, Minor, Pink
I Forest	Hadam ball	Lady
Ivy, English	Hedera helix	Thorndale
lxora	Ixora coccinea	Maui, Maui Red, Maui Yellow
Ixora, Dwarf	lxora taiwanesis	Petite Pink. Petite Red
Japanese Cleyera	Ternstroemia gymnanthera	
Japanese Mock-orange	Pittosporum tobira	Variegata
Japanese plum yew	Cephalotaxus harringtonia	Fastigiata
Japanese yew	Taxus x media	Densiformis
Jasmine, Asiatic/Yellow star	Trachelospermum asiaticum	Minima
Jasmine, Winter	Jasminum nudiflorum	
Jessamine, Carolina	Gelsemium sempervirens	
Juniper, Chinese	Juniperus chinensis	Gold Tip, Grey Owl, Sea Green, Spartan
Juniper, Creeping	Juniperus horizontalis	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens Juniperus davurica	Green, Spartán Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana Expansa, Parsonii
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's Juniper, Shore	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens Juniperus davurica Juniperus conferta	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's Juniper, Shore Kinnikinnick	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens Juniperus davurica Juniperus conferta Arctostaphyos uva-ursi	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana Expansa, Parsonii Blue Pacific
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's Juniper, Shore Kinnikinnick Lantana	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens Juniperus davurica Juniperus conferta Arctostaphyos uva-ursi Lantana camara	Green, Spartán Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana Expansa, Parsonii
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's Juniper, Shore Kinnikinnick Lantana Laurustinus	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens Juniperus davurica Juniperus conferta Arctostaphyos uva-ursi Lantana camara Viburnum tinus	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana Expansa, Parsonii Blue Pacific Landmark Sunrise Rose
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's Juniper, Shore Kinnikinnick Lantana Laurustinus Lilac	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens Juniperus davurica Juniperus conferta Arctostaphyos uva-ursi Lantana camara Viburnum tinus Syringa x 'Penda'	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana Expansa, Parsonii Blue Pacific
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's Juniper, Shore Kinnikinnick Lantana Laurustinus Lilac Lilac, Common	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus grocumbens Juniperus davurica Juniperus conferta Arctostaphyos uva-ursi Lantana camara Viburnum tinus Syringa x 'Penda' Syringa vulgaris	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana Expansa, Parsonii Blue Pacific Landmark Sunrise Rose Bloomerang
Juniper, Creeping Juniper, Flaky Juniper, Japanese garden Juniper, Parson's Juniper, Shore Kinnikinnick Lantana Laurustinus Lilac	Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus squamata Juniperus procumbens Juniperus davurica Juniperus conferta Arctostaphyos uva-ursi Lantana camara Viburnum tinus Syringa x 'Penda'	Green, Spartan Bar Harbor, Blue Rug Blue Star Nana Expansa, Parsonii Blue Pacific Landmark Sunrise Rose

Common Name	Scientific Name	Cultivar
Lilac. Manchurian	Syringa 'pubescens' subsp. Patula	Miss Kim
Lily of the valley shrub	Pieris japonica	Cavatine, Mountain Fire
Liriope (Lilyturf)	Liriope muscari	Aztec Grass, Big Blue, Evergreen Giant, Silvery
Liriope (Lilyturf)	Liziono opioeto	Sunproof Silver Carpet
Loropetalum	Liriope spicata Loropetalum chinensis	Burgundy, Ruby, Plum
Maiden grass (Eulaliagrass)	Miscanthus sinensis	Purple, Rubra Gracillimus, Zebrinus,
		Little Zebra
Magnolia, Loebner	Magnolia x loebneria	Leonard Messel
Magnolia, Star Maple, Japanese	Magnolia stellata Acer palmatum	Waterlilly Bloodgood, Weeping Red
Maple, Red	Acer rubrum	Dragon Autumn Blaze, Autumn
Manhaurana	Cabia fadassa	Radiance, Frank's Red, October Glory, Red Sunset
Mealycup sage	Salvia farinacea	Victoria white
Mondograss Muhly Grass	Ophiopogon japonicus Muhlenbergia capillaris	
Nandina	Nandina domestica	Firepower
Oak. Northern pin	Quercus ellipsoidal	Перомен
Oak, Overcup	Quercus Iyrata	
Oak, Pin	Quercus palustris	
Oak, Prarie stature	Quercus x bimundorum	Midwest
Oak, White	Quercus alba	Swamp White
Oleander	Nerium oleander	Calypso, Cardinal Red
Palm, Areca	Dypsis lutescens	
Palm, Coconut	Cocos nucifera	
Palm, European (Mediterranean) Fan	Chamaerops humilis	
Passion Vine	Passiflora caerulea	Blue
Periwinkle, Madagascar	Catharathus roseus	Titan Lilac
Photinia	Photinia x fraseri	Birmingham, Red Tip
Pine, Eastern white	Pinus strobus	
Pine, Loblolly	Pinus taeda	
Pine, Mondell	Pinus eldarica	Verienske
Pittosporum Plum, American	Pittosporum tobira Prunus americana	Variegata
Plumbago (Cape leadwort)	Plumbago auriculata	Imperial Blue
Podocarpus (Buddhist pine)	Podocarpus macrophyllus	Imperial blue
Potentilla, Shrubby cinquefoil	Potentilla fruticosa	Goldfinger
Prairie Cordgrass	Spartina pectinata	
Privet, Vicary golden	Ligustrum x vicary	Vicary Golden
Pyracantha/Firethorn	Pyrancantha coccinea	Red Cushion
Quince, Flowering	Chaenomeles speciosa	
Red cedar, Eastern	Juniperus virginiana	ldyllwild
Rose	Rosa spp.	Caramba, Double Knock Out®, Flower Carpet Amber, Home Run, Knock Out®, Louis Phillipe, Pink Knock Out®, RadrazzPink
Rose	Rosa rugosa	ļ
Rose, Virginia	Rosa virginiana	-
Rose Mallow Rose of sharon	Hibiscus moscheutos Hibiscus syriacus	Pink Heart, Boule de Feu
Russian Olive	Elaeagnus angustifolia	FIIIK HEAIT, DOUIE UE FEU
Sage, Mealycup	Salvia farinacea	Victoria White
Schefflera	Schefflera arboricola	Dwarf, Trinette, Variegata
Scotchbroom	Cytisus scoparius	Burkwoodii
Sea Oats	Chasmanthium latifolia	
Sedge, Leather leaf flat	Carex comans	Red Rooster
Serviceberry (Shad brush)	Amelanchier canadensis	
Smoketree	Cotinus coggygria	Royal Purple
Snowberry, Common	Symphoricarpos albus	
Snowbush, Hawaiian Spicebush	Breynia disticha Lindera benzoin	-
Spiraea	Spiraea japonica	Lemon Princess, Little Princess, Norman, Shirobana
Spruce, Dwarf alberta	Picea glauca	Conica
Stonecrop (1 application)	Sedum spp.	Kamshaticum, Matrona
Stonecrop (1 application)	Sedum ternatum	Larinem Park
Sweet olive, Fragrant tea olive	Osmanthus fragrans	
Switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	Shenandoah
Taxus (Japanese yew)	Taxus x media	Densiformis
Thin-fruit sedge	Carex flaccosperma	
Viburnum	Vibumum awabuki	I

Viburnum awabuki

Vibumum plicatum

Illicium parviflorum

Sorghastrum nutans

Itea virginica

Vibumum x burkwoodii

Myrica cerifera (w/woody growth) Fothergilla gardenii Popcorn, St. Veverne

Viburnum

Viburnum, Burkwood

Viburnum, Popcorn (Japanese snowball)

Virginia sweetspire

Wax Myrtle, Southern Witch Alder, Dwarf

Yellow Indian grass

Yellow Anise

Do not use Specticle G on any of these plants. Common Name Scientific Name Blue fescue grass Festuca glauca Croton Codiaeum variegatum Dewdrops Duranta erecta Fountain grass Pennisetum alopecuroides Fountain grass, Purple Pennisetum setaceum Hydrangea Hvdrangea macrophylla Mandevilla Mandevilla spp. Privet, Japanese Ligustrum japonicum Sweet viburnum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum Viburnum suspensum

NATURAL AREAS

Use Specticle G to control weeds in managed natural areas including those on golf courses. These areas can be adjacent to fairways, tees, greens, and in steep areas that are difficult to manage with a traditional program or where low maintenance is desired. Plants in these areas include those indigenous to a geographic area as well as other plants introduced due to their potential for low maintenance or for aesthetic considerations. Use of Specticle G in natural areas allows the user to manage undesirable weeds and prevent germination of invasive plants.

Apply Specticle G around tolerant ornamentals listed on this label to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds prior to germination. All plants must be established for at least one growing season before an application of Specticle G. If a desired plant to be treated is not listed on this label, treat several plants at the maximum use rate and evaluate 1-2 months later for acceptable tolerance.

Germination of wildflower seed will be sensitive to Specticle G. Seed these into treated

areas no sooner than 12 months after an application of Specticle G. Do not make an over-the-top application to wildflowers.

AMOUNT TO USE: Apply Specticle G around ornamentals at 125-200 lbs of Specticle G

per acre (2.9-4.6 lbs/1000 sq ft). Activate Specticle G by watering in with light irrigation or rainfall.

NON-SELECTIVE USES NON-CROP AREAS

Specticle G may be used to maintain bare ground in non-crop areas. These include paths, parking lots, curbs, sidewalks, driveways, around buildings, gravel areas, loading ramps, educational facilities, storage yards, vacant lots, fence rows, parks, and hardscapes. All weeds and debris must be removed from the area to be treated for optimum weed control. Irrigation or rainfall after application will provide maximum weed control.

Use of Specticle G near Sensitive Grasses

Specticle G applied uphill to sensitive grasses can move, under certain circumstances, to sensitive grasses and cause injury and stand reduction.

AMOUNT OF USE: Apply 200-400 lbs of Specticle G per acre (4.6-9.2 lbs/1000 sq ft).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in original container and keep tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Avoid cross-contamination with other pesticides.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticides wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance in proper disposal methods.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or drum liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application or manufacturing equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty paper or plastic bag, fiber sack or fiber drum and liner in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties

and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness, plant injury, other property damage, as well as other unintended consequences may result because of factors beyond the control of Bayer CropScience LP. Those factors include, but are not limited to, weather conditions, presence of other materials or the manner of use or annication all such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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