

Revision Date 23.09.2013

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : DACONIL

Design code : A7867A

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use : Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Syngenta UK Limited

CPC4, Capital Park Fulbourn, Cambridge

CB21 5XE

Telephone : (01223) 883400 **Telefax** : (01223) 882195

Website : www.syngenta.co.uk

1.3 Emergency telephone number

: +44 (0) 1484 538444

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317
Eye irritation	Category 2	H319
Acute toxicity (Inhalation)	Category 4	H332
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Category 3	H335
Carcinogenicity	Category 2	H351
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1	H400
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 1	H410

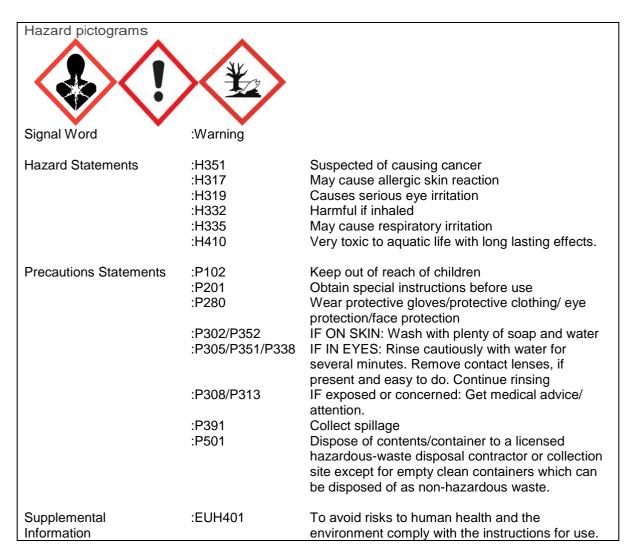
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Version 10 Page 1 of 10



2.2 Label elements

Labelling: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

chlorothalonil

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

Version 10 Page 2 of 10



SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS No. EC No. Registration Number	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008	Concentration
Chlorothalonil	1897-45-6 217-588-1	Skin Sens.1; H317 Eye Dam.1; H318 Acute Tox.2; H330 STOT SE3; H335 Carc.2; H351 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	40 % w/w
Propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6 200-338-0	-	5 – 10 % w/w

Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits. For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Advice : Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you

when calling the Syngenta emergency number, a poison control centre or

physician, or going for treatment.

Inhalation : Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer

artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

Poison Control Centre immediately.

Skin Contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with

plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye Contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least

15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or

label. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : No information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical advice : There is no specific antidote available.

Treat symptomatically.

Version 10 Page 3 of 10



SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Use alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters:

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Refer to disposal considerations listed in section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Registered Crop Protection products: For proper and safe use of this product,

Version 10 Page 4 of 10



please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	Exposure limit(s)	Type of exposure limit	Source
chlorothalonil	0.1 mg/m3	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA
propane-1,2-diol	10 mg/m3 (Particulates) 150 ppm, 470 mg/m3 (Total (vapour & particulates))	8 h TWA 8 h TWA	UK HSE UK HSE

The following recommendations for exposure controls/personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of the product.

8.2 Exposure controls		
Engineering Measures	Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. If airborne mist or vapours are generated, use local exhaust ventilatic controls. Assess exposure and use any additional measures to ke airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit. Where necessal seek additional occupational hygiene advice.	on eep
Protective measures	The use of technical measures should always have priority over th use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice. Personal protective equipment should be certified to appropriate standards.	е
Respiratory protection	A combination gas, vapour and particulate respirator may be necessary until effective technical measures are installed. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a self-containe breathing apparatus in cases of emergency spills, when exposure levels are unknown, or under any circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.	d
Hand protection	Chemical resistant gloves should be used. Gloves should be certified to an appropriate standard. Gloves should have a minimular breakthrough time that is appropriate to the duration of exposure. The breakthrough time of gloves varies according to the thickness material and manufacturer. Gloves should be changed when breakthrough is suspected. Suitable material: nitrile rubber.	
Eye Protection	If eye contact is possible, use tight-fitting chemical safety goggles and a faceshield.	
Skin and body protection	Assess the exposure and select chemical resistant clothing based the potential for contact and the permeation / penetration characteristics of the clothing material. Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing. Decontaminate clothing before use, or use disposable equipment (suits, aprons, sleeves, boots, etc.). Wear as appropriate: impervious protective suit.	

Version 10 Page 5 of 10



Revision Date 23.09.2013

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State : Liquid Form : Suspension

Colour : Grey white to light beige

Odour : Pungent, weak
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : 5 - 9 at 1 % w/v

Melting point/range : -5 °C Boiling point/boiling range : >100 °C

Flash point : >99 °C at 99.6 kPa Pensky-Martens c.c.

Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Lower explosion limit : No data available
Upper explosion limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Density : 1.24 g/cm³

Solubility in other solvents : No data available Partition Coefficient : No data available

n-octanol/water

Autoignition temperature:No data availableThermal decomposition:No data availableViscosity, dynamic:No data availableViscosity, kinematic:No data availableExplosive properties:Not explosiveOxidizing properties:Not oxidising

9.2 Other information

: No data available

:

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity : No information available10.2 Chemical Stability : No information available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : None known. Hazardous polymerisation does not

occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No information available10.5 Incompatible materials : No information available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition : Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve

toxic and irritant vapours.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

products

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 rat, 4,200 mg/kg
Acute inhalational toxicity : LC50 rat, > 1.96mg/l, 4 h
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 rabbit, > 20,000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation : Rabbit: mildly irritating
Serious eye damage/eye : Rabbit: moderately irritating

Version 10 Page 6 of 10



Revision Date 23.09.2013

irritation

Respiratory or skin

sensitisation

Buehler Test guinea pig: A skin sensitizer in animal tests.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Chlorothalonil

Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.

Carcinogenicity

'

chlorothalonil

Chlorothalonil causes kidney tumours in rats and mice via a non-

genotoxic mode of action secondary to target organ toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity

chlorothalonil

Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

STOT – repeated exposure

: May cause respiratory irritation.

chlorothalonil No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish : LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 0.195 mg/l, 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic

: EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea), 0.180 mg/l, 24 h

invertebrates

Toxicity to aquatic plants : ErC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 0.53 mg/l, 96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Stability in water

chlorothalonil

: Degradation half life: < 5 d at 20 °C. Not persistent in water

Stability in soil

chlorothalonil

Degradation half life: ca. 7 d. Not persistent in soil

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

chlorothalonil : Chlorothalonil has low potential for bioaccumulation.

:

12.4 Mobility in soil

chlorothalonil : Chlorothalonil has low to slight mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

chlorothalonil : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic

(PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very

bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

None known.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDER ATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Version 10 Page 7 of 10



Revision Date 23.09.2013

Product : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in

compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty

containers should be taken for local recycling or waste

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1	UN Number	:	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,
			LIQUID, N.O.S. (CHLOROTHALONIL)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
Label	S	:	9
14.5	Environmental hazards	:	Environmentally hazardous

Sea transport(IMDG)

14.1	UN Number	:	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,
			LIQUID, N.O.S. (CHLOROTHALONIL)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
Label	S	:	9
14.5	Environmental hazards	:	Marine pollutant

Air transport (IATA-DGR)

14.1	UN Number	:	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,
			LIQUID, N.O.S. (CHLOROTHALONIL)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
Label	S	:	9
14.6	Special precautions for	:	None
	user		

14.6 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not applicable

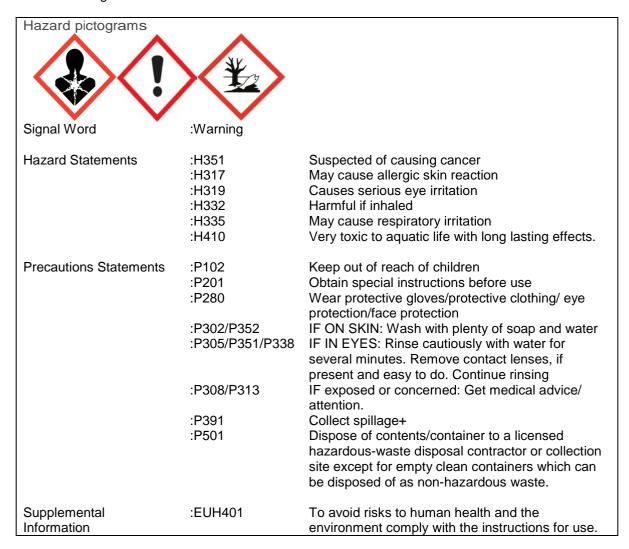
Version 10 Page 8 of 10



SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

GHS-Labelling



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

chlorothalonil

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

Version 10 Page 9 of 10



SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Approval number, MAPP 17778

Use plant protection products safely. Always read the label and product information before use. Based upon SDS release dated 23/09/2013, version 10 with local amendment.

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Product names are a trademark or registered trademark of a Syngenta Group Company.

Version 10 Page 10 of 10